Implications of secure and insecure attachment of mother and child:
A review

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Abstract

Behaviorists believe that the need for attachment is a prerequisite need and many aspects related to it are innate. Therefore, mother and child attachment is more than nutritional needs during infancy. Early interactions between parents and infants seem to be the basis for future interactions and other behaviors in childhood, adolescence and even adulthood. Therefore, the purpose of this study is to review the implications of secure and insecure attachment of mother and child.

This study is a review which to compile it, search was conducted in databases such as Google scholar and more specially databases such as MEDLINE, SID (Scientific Information Database), Magiran, PubMed, SCOPUS, Science Direct and Cochrane with using the keywords such as secure attachment, insecure attachment, mother and child and attachment implications. First, 78 articles were searched, after abstracts screening stage, 44 articles were excluded from the research due to lack of their relevance or repetition. Finally, 34 articles were used to write this review article.

The findings of this study lead to the classification of the contents in four main categories as follows: 1-Short-term implications of mother and child secure attachment (feeling security, preparing for social challenges, creating positive relationships with peers, facilitating learning of social interactions and emotional adjustment skills, self-efficacy, collaboration with adults, improvement memory performance, academic achievement, problem solving skills and stress reduction), 2-Long-term implications of mother and child secure attachment (performing more aerobic exercise, less smoking, narcotics or alcohol, more healthy eating habits, better sleep habits, using more safety belts, less indecency and immorality in sex), 3-Short term implications of mother and child insecure attachment (anxiety, fear and panic, negative social-emotional growth such as rape, hostility, social retardation, physical health side effects such as growth disorder, eating disorder), 4. Long-term implications of mother and child insecure attachment (kleptomania, lying, sexual obsessions, sadism, negative perception to parental support).

Considering the short-term and long-term effects of attachment, it can be stated that by identifying the factors of maternal behavior which affecting the attachment and training of mothers and providing opportunities for attachment of children, we can help to increase the growth of the secure attachment.

Keywords: Secure attachment, insecure attachment, mother and child, attachment implication.
چکیده
دل بستگی مادر و کودک فراتر از نیازهای تغذیه ای در دوران نوزادی می‌باشد. به‌نظر می‌رسد تعاقب و نزدیکی والدین و نوزادان به‌طوری ایجاد نیازهای اجتماعی احساسات، سرمایه‌ای را به‌دست می‌دهد. هدف از مطالعه حاضر مروری بر پیامدهای دل بستگی ایمن و ناایمن مادر و کودک می‌باشد. مطالعه حاضر یک مطالعه مروری می‌باشد. جهت نگارش این خلاصه مقاله با استفاده از جستجوی مقالات با کلیدواژه‌های دل بستگی، بی‌همکاری، پیامدهای دل بستگی، در پایگاه‌های اطلاعاتی Google Scholar, Science Direct, PubMed, Scopus, Magiran, SID, Medline شد، پس از خواندن خلاصه مقالات 44 مقاله به‌دلیل عدم ارتباط و یا تکراری بودن از تحقیق خارج شد. در نهایت از داده‌های 44 مقاله جهت نگارش این خلاصه مقاله استفاده گردید.

واژه‌های کلیدی: دل بستگی، دل بستگی ایمن، دل بستگی ناایمن، مادر و کودک

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